## Bertie County

Bertie County has a population of 19,601, a decrease of $7.7 \%$ over the past decade.

## We all thrive when we



Expand Access to Health Services

- $10.4 \%$ of people do not have health insurance.
- Life expectancy for white newborns is 76.4 years; life expectancy for Black newborns is 76.5 years.
- There is one mental health provider for every 2114 residents.



## Provide Affordable Housing for All

- Rent is unaffordable for $53.2 \%$ of renters.
- $31.7 \%$ of people spend more than half of their income on rent.
- The median hourly wage is only $68.8 \%$ of what's needed for 1 adult and 2 children to make ends meet (LIS*).



## Address Structural Barriers to Equality

- $50.1 \%$ of residents are considered low-income (less than $\$ 50,200$ for a family of four).**
- The richest $5 \%$ of households make an average of 32 times more than the poorest $20 \%$ of households.
... make the investments needed to promote shared prosperity for everyone in every county in N.C.

| Poverty and Economic Hardship |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | County | State | Year |
| Percentage of people living in poverty | 23.5\% | 14.1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 2014- \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ |
| Black | 30.7\% | 23.5\% |  |
| White | 10\% | 10.6\% |  |
| Latinx | 22\% | 28.5\% |  |
| Asian | *** | 11.9\% |  |
| American Indian | *** | 25.1\% |  |
| Child poverty rate | 32.0\% | 20.2\% |  |


| Healthy Lives and Communities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | County | State | Year |
| Percentage of residents without health insurance | 10.4\% | 11.1\% | $\begin{aligned} & 2014- \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ |
| Life expectancy | 76.3 years | 77.6 years | $\begin{aligned} & 2016- \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ |
| Black | 76.5 years | 75.2 years |  |
| White | 76.4 years | 78.4 years |  |
| Mental health provider: residents | 1:2114 | 1:409 | 2019 |
| Percentage of residents receiving SNAP | 22.0\% | 12.1\% | 2019 |


| Educational Attainment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | County | State | Year |
| Graduation rate | 78.3\% | 86.5\% | $\begin{gathered} 2018- \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |
| Black | 78.8\% | 83.7\% |  |
| White | 80.6\% | 89.6\% |  |
| Latinx | *** | 81.1\% |  |
| Asian | *** | 94.5\% |  |
| American Indian | *** | 81.2\% |  |
| Percentage of adults with Bachelor's degrees | 12.9\% | 29.5\% | $\begin{aligned} & 2014- \\ & 2018 \end{aligned}$ |
| Bachelor's degree, men | 8.3\% | 26.4\% |  |
| Bachelor's degree, women | 18.1\% | 32.7\% |  |
| Median salary, men with at least a Bachelor's | \$38,516 | \$61,426 |  |
| Median salary, women with at least a Bachelor's | \$36,568 | \$41,197 |  |

[^0]> For data sources or other counties, visit NCJustice.org/snapshots


[^0]:    * The Living Income Standard is a measure of what a family needs in order to cover the basic expenses. See more at NCJustice.org/LLS.
    ** A family of four is considered low-income if they make below $200 \%$ of the federal poverty line, or $\$ 50,200$ in 2018.
    *** Insufficient data
    Note: This County Snapshot provides a pre-COVID-19 economic picture of counties throughout North Carolina.

